West Roxbury Residences

Stormwater Management Report

Prepared for **WBA Townhomes, LLC**

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Introduction

This Stormwater Management Report describes the existing drainage conditions and proposed stormwater best management practices (BMPs) designed to treat and control runoff for the Gardner Street Residences (the "Project").

The Project site is a 0.6± acre site located in West Roxbury, Massachusetts. The Project site is bounded by Gardner Street to the north, residential buildings to the east and west, and Charles Park Road to the south. The site's surfaces consist of impervious pavement, impervious roofs, and pervious grassy areas.

The Project will result in an increase in impervious areas of approximately 9,380 square feet (sf). The Project will consist of redeveloping a site in the West Roxbury Neighborhood of Boston. A singlefamily house and paved parking areas at 178 Gardner Street will be demolished and 18 townhomes will be constructed on the site. The new drainage system consists of a variety of BMPs. Proposed drainage is shown on the attached plans and is discussed in this report.

Existing Conditions

Pre- and post-construction hydrology were analyzed with HydroCAD v 10.0, model using TR-20 methodology. The rainfall data was obtained from the NOAA Atlas 14 Precipitation Frequency Data Server. The result of this analysis shows that the proposed development will not increase the overall peak discharge rates from existing conditions for the 2, 10, and 100-year storm events analyzed.

Soils at the site are mapped as Urban land. The Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) does not have Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG) data within the project site. Based on on-site geotechnical information, HSG B is assigned to the 178 Gardner Street site as a basis for the design. The NRCS soil map is included in **Appendix A**.

The runoff from the site ultimately discharges to Cow Island Pond. The hydrology calculations analyze one design point.

Hydrology

Pre-construction Hydrology

Stormwater runoff from the existing paved parking areas and grass areas at 178 Gardner Street is collected in catch basins on Charles Park Road and ultimately discharges into Cow Island Pond. Roof runoff from the existing residential home on the property is collected in a catch basin on Gardner Street and ultimately discharges into Cow Island Pond.

Post-construction Hydrology

The single-family house and associated paved areas will be demolished and removed, to allow for the construction of 18 townhomes. The proposed drainage improvements consist of one infiltration system and one detention system that will control peak flows on-site and will overflow in the municipal drainage in Charles Park Road.

Stormwater Management Standards

Standard 1: No New Untreated Discharges

The Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook requires that the project demonstrates that there are no new untreated discharges and that new discharges will not cause erosion or scour to downstream wetlands.

Runoff from the impervious area will be treated and filtered through low impact development techniques such as deep sump catch basins, water quality units, and infiltration chambers.

Standard 2: Post-Development Peak Discharge Rates Not to Exceed Pre-Development Peak Discharge Rates

The proposed stormwater management system is designed so that the post-development peak discharge rates will not exceed the off-site pre-development peak discharge rates. The peak discharge rates from the 2, 10, and 100-year storm events were analyzed with the result summarized in **Table 1**.



Design Point	Pre-Development Rate (cfs)	Post-Development Rate (cfs)
2-Year Storm Event		
178 Gardner – Cow Island Pond	1.76	1.47
10-Year Storm Event		
178 Gardner – Cow Island Pond	2.74	2.10
100-Year Storm Event		
178 Gardner – Cow Island Pond	4.49	4.42

Table 1. Pre- vs. Post-Development Peak Discharge Rates

Standard 3: Minimize or Eliminate Loss of Annual Recharge to Groundwater

The project is a redevelopment and is required to meet Standard 3 to the maximum extent practicable. The stormwater infiltration practices for the development include underground chambers. The proposed stormwater management system exceeds the required recharge volume as determined by the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

Underlaying soils are mapped as Urban Land by the Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS). Hydrologic Soil Group B is assigned based on two borings performed as part of a geotechnical study conducted on-site. The maps and boring logs are included in **Appendix A**.

Recharge Volume Target calculations are provided in Appendix C and are summarized in Table 2.

Table 2.Recharge Volume Target

Inches of Runoff x Total Impervious Area / 12 = Recharge Volume Target [cf]						
Hydrologic Group	Inches of Runoff	Impervious Area 178 Garden	Recharge Volume Target			
A	0.60 in					
В	0.35 in	19,975 SF	582 CF			
С	0.25 in					
D	0.10 in					
	582 CF					



The volume of recharge provided for post-development conditions was calculated based on the "Static" method as follows. Stormwater stored below the lowest outlet of an infiltration system is available for recharge into the aquifer via exfiltration (Calculations included in **Appendix C**).

178 Gardner Street:

Storage volume below outlet elevation Infiltration S-m = 1,100 CF

Total Recharge Volume Provided = 1,100 CF > 582 CF (recharge volume target)

BMPs on-site provide sufficient groundwater recharge to meet the requirements of Standard 3. Calculations show that during a 100-year storm event the infiltration structure will completely dewater in the following time frame:

■ 178 Gardner Infiltration S-m dewaters within **46 hours**

Drawdown will happen faster than the maximum 72-hour window prescribed by the Stormwater Regulations. Drawdown calculations are included in **Appendix D**.

Standard 4: Stormwater Management System to Remove 80% of Average Annual Load of Total Suspended Solids (TSS)

The Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook requires that: "Stormwater management systems shall be designed to remove 80% of the average annual post-construction load of Total Suspended Solids (TSS)." If the site discharges runoff into a critical area Zone I or II, the runoff would also have to be pre-treated to a level where 44% of the TSS have been removed prior to reaching the infiltration structure.

The Site is not discharging into a critical area. The project site features two treatment trains:

At 178 Gardner Street, the roof runoff generated by the townhomes reaches the infiltration system via downspouts that are connected to collector pipes flowing into the Infiltration System. The roof runoff will not contain TSS and will not need to be treated prior to reaching the infiltration structure.

The runoff generated by the paved areas will be collected in two Water Quality Units (WQU) connected to the detention system. The WQUs will provide pre-treatment to a level where 44% of the TSS will be removed prior to reaching the detention system. Both the detention and the infiltration system are furnished with Outflow Control Structures (OCS) that regulate the outflow and discharge into the existing drainage system in Charles Park Road via a 12" pipe.



The required Water Quality Volume (WQV), the volume of water requiring 80% TSS removal, is calculated as follows:

The required water quality volume equals 0.5 inch of runoff times the total impervious area of the post-development site. The analysis is conducted based on 0.5-inch runoff over the proposed impervious surfaces based on the absence of a critical areas downstream from the site.

■ Impervious at 178 Gardner Street =19,975 SF

WQV Required (80% TSS Removal):

■ WQV at 178 Gardner Street = 0.5 in x 19,975 SF ÷ 12 in. =832 CF

TSS calculations for the treatment train described included in Appendix D.

Standard 5: Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads

The development is not considered a land use that produces higher potential pollutant loads.

Standard 6: Stormwater Discharges to Critical Areas

This standard is not applicable. The stormwater discharges are not located within or near a critical area.

Standard 7: Redevelopment Projects

The Project Site has been previously developed. The site located at 178 Gardner Street consists of a paved parking area, a residential house, and grass areas. However, the proposed project meets or exceeds each of the applicable stormwater management standards.

Standard 8: Control Construction-Related Impacts

The project will install erosion and sediment controls prior to any major earthwork activity.

Sheet entitled "Site Preparation Plan" included in the project plans shows the location and BMPs that will be used during the construction process to protect neighboring properties and receiving drainage structures.



Standard 9: Long-Term Operation and Maintenance Plan

See Appendix D for the operation and maintenance requirements to be implemented for the stormwater management systems.

Standard 10: No Illicit Discharges

Illicit discharges will be prohibited from entering the stormwater management system serving the site. A signed Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is provided in **Appendix F**.



Appendix A: Soil Information



National Cooperative Soil Survey

Conservation Service

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	MAP LEGEND			MAP INFORMATION
Area of Inter	rest (AOI) Area of Interest (AOI)	8	Spoil Area Stony Spot	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:25,000.
Soils ~ Special Po	Soil Map Unit Polygons Soil Map Unit Lines Soil Map Unit Points oint Features	© ⊘ ✓	Very Stony Spot Wet Spot Other Special Line Features	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.
◎ ⊠ ※ ◇ 光 ☆ ◎ ◎ ∻ ∔ ∑ ⇔ ◇ ☆ ◎ ◎	Blowout Borrow Pit Clay Spot Closed Depression Gravel Pit Gravelly Spot Landfill Lava Flow Marsh or swamp Mine or Quarry Miscellaneous Water Perennial Water Rock Outcrop Saline Spot Sandy Spot Severely Eroded Spot Sinkhole Slide or Slip Sodic Spot	Water Fea	atures Streams and Canals tation Rails Interstate Highways US Routes Major Roads Local Roads Ind Aerial Photography	 Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: Norfolk and Suffolk Counties, Massachusetts Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 11, 2020 Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 11, 2019—Oct 5, 2019 The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
5	Saco silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	0.3	12.3%
602	Urban land, 0 to 15 percent slopes	2.0	87.7%
Totals for Area of Interest		2.3	100.0%



Norfolk and Suffolk Counties, Massachusetts

5—Saco silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: vkxt Elevation: 20 to 260 feet Mean annual precipitation: 45 to 54 inches Mean annual air temperature: 43 to 54 degrees F Frost-free period: 145 to 240 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Saco and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Saco

Setting

Landform: Alluvial flats Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Parent material: Soft coarse-silty alluvium

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 26 inches: silt loam
H2 - 26 to 58 inches: silt loam
H3 - 58 to 60 inches: stratified coarse sand to loamy fine sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 1 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 40 to 80 inches to strongly contrasting textural stratification
Drainage class: Very poorly drained
Runoff class: Very high
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 0 to 6 inches
Frequency of flooding: FrequentNone
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water capacity: Very high (about 13.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6w Hydrologic Soil Group: B/D Ecological site: F144AY016MA - Very Wet Low Floodplain Hydric soil rating: Yes

USDA

Minor Components

Freetown

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Bogs Hydric soil rating: Yes

Swansea

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Landform: Bogs Hydric soil rating: Yes

Rippowam

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Landform: Alluvial flats Hydric soil rating: Yes

Scarboro

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Landform: Terraces Hydric soil rating: Yes

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Norfolk and Suffolk Counties, Massachusetts Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 11, 2020



Norfolk and Suffolk Counties, Massachusetts

602—Urban land, 0 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: vkyj Mean annual precipitation: 32 to 50 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F Frost-free period: 120 to 200 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Urban land: 99 percent Minor components: 1 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Urban Land

Setting

Parent material: Excavated and filled land

Minor Components

Rock outcrops Percent of map unit: 1 percent Hydric soil rating: Unranked

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Norfolk and Suffolk Counties, Massachusetts Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 11, 2020



CARR-DEE CORP.



All samples have been visually classified by . Unless otherwise specified, water levels noted were observed at completion of borings, and do not necessarily represent permanent ground water levels. Figures in parenthesis indicate the number of blows required to drive Two-inch Split Sampler 6 inches using 140 lb. weight falling 30 inches(\pm). Figures in column to left (if noted) indicate number of blows to drive casing one foot, using 300 lb. weight falling 24 inches (\pm).

CARR-DEE CORP.

37 LINDEN STREET To: MCPHAIL ASSOC.,	MEDI LLC, 2269 MASS. AVE., CAN	FORD, MA MBRIDGE,	02155-0001 MA Date: 6-22	Telephone -2018	e (781) 39 Job No.:	1-4500 2018-110
Location: 178, 189,	197 GARDNER STREET, WEST	ROXBURY	, MA	Scale:	1 in.= 5	ft.
	GROUND SURFACE +106.8 BORING 2	s	#1, 0' to 2'	_		_
	SAND, GRAVEL, LOAM (FILL)	V	(4-4-2-2) RECOVERED 6 in.			
8,		s	#2, 5' to 7' (2-2-2-3) RECOVERED 18 in.			
<u>.</u>	DENSE FINE TO MEDIUM SAND & GRAVEL, SOME SILT	s	#3, 10' to 12' (27-16-17-16) RECOVERED 14 in.			
13'6"	COMPACT TO LOOSE SILTY FINE SAND	s	#4, 15' to 17' (5-4-6-4) RECOVERED 18 in.			
221	WATER LEVEL 10' SIZE OF CASING: NW, LENGTH: 10'	0"	#5, 20' to 22' (3-3-3-5) RECOVERED 14 in.			
	DRILLER: G. SMITH, INSPECTOR: C DATE STARTED & COMPLETED: 6-22-	2018				

All samples have been visually classified by . Unless otherwise specified, water levels noted were observed at completion of borings, and do not necessarily represent permanent ground water levels. Figures in parenthesis indicate the number of blows required to drive Two-inch Split Sampler 6 inches using 140 lb. weight falling 30 inches(±). Figures in column to left (if noted) indicate number of blows to drive casing one foot, using 300 lb. weight falling 24 inches (±).



Appendix B: Stormwater Calculations

Figure 1. **PRE-DEVELOPEMENT HYDROLOGY**



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STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT 180-198 GARDNER STREET

Engineers + Planners



Summary for Subcatchment E1: 186 & 178 Gardner Street

Runoff = 1.62 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.094 af, Depth> 2.09"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-YEAR Rainfall=3.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
9,766	98	Paved parking, HSG C
715	98	Unconnected roofs, HSG C
13,076	79	50-75% Grass cover, Fair, HSG C
23,557	87	Weighted Average
13,076		55.51% Pervious Area
10,481		44.49% Impervious Area
715		6.82% Unconnected

Subcatchment E1: 186 & 178 Gardner Street



Summary for Subcatchment E2: Front of 178 Gardner Street

Runoff = 0.14 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.008 af, Depth> 1.56"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-YEAR Rainfall=3.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
 114	98	Paved parking, HSG C
 2,548	79	50-75% Grass cover, Fair, HSG C
 2,662	80	Weighted Average
2,548		95.72% Pervious Area
114		4.28% Impervious Area

Subcatchment E2: Front of 178 Gardner Street



Summary for Pond DP1: Charles Park Rd

Inflow Area	a =	0.541 ac, 4	4.49% Impe	ervious,	Inflow Dept	th > 2.0)9" for 2-Y	'EAR event
Inflow	=	1.62 cfs @	12.00 hrs,	Volume	= 0	.094 af		
Primary	=	1.62 cfs @	12.00 hrs,	Volume	= 0	.094 af,	Atten= 0%,	Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Pond DP1: Charles Park Rd

Summary for Pond DP2: Gardner Street

Inflow A	Area =	0.061 ac,	4.28% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 1	.56" for 2-YEAR event
Inflow	=	0.14 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume	= 0.008 af	
Primary	y =	0.14 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume	= 0.008 af	, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Pond DP2: Gardner Street

Summary for Link 1L: Cow Island Pond

Inflow Area	a =	0.602 ac, 4	0.41% Impe	ervious,	Inflow Dep	th > 2.0	04" for 2-`	YEAR event
Inflow	=	1.76 cfs @	12.00 hrs,	Volume	= 0	.102 af		
Primary	=	1.76 cfs @	12.00 hrs,	Volume	= 0	.102 af,	Atten= 0%,	Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Link 1L: Cow Island Pond

Summary for Subcatchment E1: 186 & 178 Gardner Street

Runoff = 2.51 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.148 af, Depth> 3.29"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YEAR Rainfall=4.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
9,766	98	Paved parking, HSG C
715	98	Unconnected roofs, HSG C
13,076	79	50-75% Grass cover, Fair, HSG C
23,557	87	Weighted Average
13,076		55.51% Pervious Area
10,481		44.49% Impervious Area
715		6.82% Unconnected

Subcatchment E1: 186 & 178 Gardner Street



Summary for Subcatchment E2: Front of 178 Gardner Street

Runoff = 0.23 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.013 af, Depth> 2.63"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YEAR Rainfall=4.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
 114	98	Paved parking, HSG C
 2,548	79	50-75% Grass cover, Fair, HSG C
2,662	80	Weighted Average
2,548		95.72% Pervious Area
114		4.28% Impervious Area

Subcatchment E2: Front of 178 Gardner Street



Summary for Pond DP1: Charles Park Rd

Inflow A	\rea =	0.541 ac, 4	4.49% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 3.2	29" for 10-YEAR event
Inflow	=	2.51 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume	e 0.148 af	
Primary	/ =	2.51 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume	e= 0.148 af,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Pond DP1: Charles Park Rd

Summary for Pond DP2: Gardner Street

Inflow A	rea =	0.061 ac,	4.28% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 2.	63" for 10-YEAR event
Inflow	=	0.23 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume	= 0.013 af	
Primary	=	0.23 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume	= 0.013 af,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Pond DP2: Gardner Street

Summary for Link 1L: Cow Island Pond

Inflow A	Area =	0.602 ac, 4	0.41% Impervi	ous, Inflow	Depth > 3.2	22" for 10-	YEAR event
Inflow	=	2.74 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Vo	lume=	0.161 af		
Primary	y =	2.74 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Vo	lume=	0.161 af,	Atten= 0%,	Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Link 1L: Cow Island Pond

Summary for Subcatchment E1: 186 & 178 Gardner Street

Runoff = 4.08 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.247 af, Depth> 5.48"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YEAR Rainfall=7.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
9,766	98	Paved parking, HSG C
715	98	Unconnected roofs, HSG C
13,076	79	50-75% Grass cover, Fair, HSG C
23,557	87	Weighted Average
13,076		55.51% Pervious Area
10,481		44.49% Impervious Area
715		6.82% Unconnected

Subcatchment E1: 186 & 178 Gardner Street



Summary for Subcatchment E2: Front of 178 Gardner Street

Runoff = 0.41 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.024 af, Depth> 4.69"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YEAR Rainfall=7.00"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
114	98	Paved parking, HSG C
 2,548	79	50-75% Grass cover, Fair, HSG C
 2,662	80	Weighted Average
2,548		95.72% Pervious Area
114		4 28% Impervious Area

Subcatchment E2: Front of 178 Gardner Street



Summary for Pond DP1: Charles Park Rd

Inflow A	rea =	0.541 ac, 4	4.49% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 5	.48" for 100-YEAR event
Inflow	=	4.08 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume	= 0.247 at	
Primary	=	4.08 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume	e= 0.247 at	f, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Pond DP1: Charles Park Rd

Summary for Pond DP2: Gardner Street

Inflow Ar	ea =	0.061 ac,	4.28% Impervious,	Inflow Depth > 4.	69" for 100-YEAR event
Inflow	=	0.41 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume	= 0.024 af	
Primary	=	0.41 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume	= 0.024 af,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Pond DP2: Gardner Street
Summary for Link 1L: Cow Island Pond

Inflow Area	a =	0.602 ac, 4	0.41% Impervious,	Inflow Depth >	5.40" fo	or 100-YEAR event
Inflow	=	4.49 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume	e= 0.271	af	
Primary	=	4.49 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume	e= 0.271	af, Atten=	= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Link 1L: Cow Island Pond

Figure 2. **POST-DEVELOPEMENT HYDROLOGY**



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Summary for Subcatchment P1: Adj to Gardner Street

Runoff = 0.11 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.006 af, Depth= 1.36"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-YEAR Rainfall=3.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
 270	98	Paved parking, HSG C
 2,212	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
 2,482	77	Weighted Average
2,212		89.12% Pervious Area
270		10.88% Impervious Area

Subcatchment P1: Adj to Gardner Street



Summary for Subcatchment P2: 178 Gardner Street Roof Tops

Runoff = 1.21 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.079 af, Depth= 3.17"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-YEAR Rainfall=3.40"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
13,087	98	Paved parking, HSG C
13,087		100.00% Impervious Area

Subcatchment P2: 178 Gardner Street Roof Tops



Summary for Subcatchment P3: Parking Lot & Adj Landscaped Area

Runoff = 0.69 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.040 af, Depth= 2.26"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-YEAR Rainfall=3.40"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
5,944	98	Paved parking, HSG C
 3,330	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
9,274	89	Weighted Average
3,330		35.91% Pervious Area
5,944		64.09% Impervious Area

Subcatchment P3: Parking Lot & Adj Landscaped Area



Summary for Subcatchment P4: Adj to Charles Park Road

Runoff = 0.09 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.005 af, Depth= 2.01"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-YEAR Rainfall=3.40"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
674	98	Paved parking, HSG C
 718	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
 1,392	86	Weighted Average
718		51.58% Pervious Area
674		48.42% Impervious Area

Subcatchment P4: Adj to Charles Park Road



Summary for Pond DP1: Gardner Street Drainage System

Inflow A	rea =	0.057 ac, 1	10.88% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.3	36" for 2-YEAR event
Inflow	=	0.11 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume	= 0.006 af	
Primary	=	0.11 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume	= 0.006 af,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Pond DP1: Gardner Street Drainage System



Summary for Pond DP2: Charles Park Road Drainage System

Inflow Ar	rea =	0.545 ac, 82.96% Impervious, Inflow	Depth = 1.69" for 2-YEAR event	
Inflow	=	1.34 cfs @ 12.01 hrs, Volume=	0.077 af	
Primary	=	1.34 cfs @ 12.01 hrs, Volume=	0.077 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 mir	n

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Pond DP2: Charles Park Road Drainage System

Summary for Pond DP3: Infiltration System

Inflow Area	=	0.300 ac,10	0.00% Impe	ervious, Inflow I	Depth = 3.1	7" for 2-Y	EAR event
Inflow	=	1.21 cfs @	12.00 hrs,	Volume=	0.079 af		
Outflow	=	1.17 cfs @	12.01 hrs,	Volume=	0.079 af,	Atten= 4%,	Lag= 0.6 min
Discarded	=	0.01 cfs @	6.58 hrs,	Volume=	0.048 af		
Primary	=	1.15 cfs @	12.01 hrs,	Volume=	0.031 af		

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 97.92' @ 12.01 hrs Surf.Area= 618 sf Storage= 1,140 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 427.2 min calculated for 0.079 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 427.3 min (1,176.9 - 749.6)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	94.37'	504 cf	15.75'W x 39.22'L x 3.83'H Field A
			2,368 cf Overall - 689 cf Embedded = 1,679 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2A	95.20'	689 cf	ADS_StormTech SC-740 +Cap x 15 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 44.6"W x 30.0"H => 6.45 sf x 7.12'L = 45.9 cf
			Overall Size= 51.0"W x 30.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap
			15 Chambers in 3 Rows
		1,193 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	95.20'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 67.7' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 95.20' / 94.25' S= 0.0140 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.009 PVC, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	97.70'	4.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32
#3	Discarded	94.37'	1.020 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 6.58 hrs HW=94.41' (Free Discharge) **3=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.01 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=1.15 cfs @ 12.01 hrs HW=97.92' (Free Discharge) 1=Culvert (Passes 1.15 cfs of 4.45 cfs potential flow) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 1.15 cfs @ 1.31 fps)

Pond DP3: Infiltration System - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = ADS_StormTechSC-740 +Cap (ADS StormTech®SC-740 with cap length)

Effective Size= 44.6"W x 30.0"H => 6.45 sf x 7.12'L = 45.9 cf Overall Size= 51.0"W x 30.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap

51.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing = 57.0" C-C Row Spacing

5 Chambers/Row x 7.12' Long +0.81' Cap Length x 2 = 37.22' Row Length +12.0" End Stone x 2 = 39.22' Base Length 3 Rows x 51.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing x 2 + 12.0" Side Stone x 2 = 15.75' Base Width 10.0" Base + 30.0" Chamber Height + 6.0" Cover = 3.83' Field Height

15 Chambers x 45.9 cf = 689.1 cf Chamber Storage

2,367.7 cf Field - 689.1 cf Chambers = 1,678.6 cf Stone x 30.0% Voids = 503.6 cf Stone Storage

Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 1,192.7 cf = 0.027 afOverall Storage Efficiency = 50.4%Overall System Size = $39.22' \times 15.75' \times 3.83'$

15 Chambers 87.7 cy Field 62.2 cy Stone





Pond DP3: Infiltration System



Summary for Pond DP4: Detention System

Inflow Area	a =	0.213 ac, 6	64.09% Impe	ervious,	Inflow	Depth =	2.26"	for 2-YE	AR event
Inflow	=	0.69 cfs @	12.00 hrs,	Volume	=	0.040	af		
Outflow	=	0.12 cfs @	12.42 hrs,	Volume	=	0.040	af, Att	en= 82%,	Lag= 24.9 min
Primary	=	0.12 cfs @	12.42 hrs,	Volume	=	0.040	af		-

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 96.29' @ 12.42 hrs Surf.Area= 719 sf Storage= 553 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 44.9 min calculated for 0.040 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 45.0 min (848.1 - 803.1)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	age	Storage Description
#1	94.86'	38	8 cf	10.57'W x 68.00'L x 2.67'H Prismatoid
#2	95.19'	625 cf		1,919 cf Overall - 625 cf Embedded = 1,294 cf x 30.0% Voids 24.0" Round 24" Perforated Pipe x 3 Inside #1 L= 66.3'
		1,01	3 cf	Total Available Storage
Device	Routing	Invert	Outle	et Devices
#1	Primary	94.86'	12.0 L= 1 Inlet n= 0	" Round Culvert 26.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 / Outlet Invert= 94.86' / 94.25' S= 0.0048 '/' Cc= 0.900 .009 PVC, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	97.19'	4.0' Head Coef	long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir d (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 f. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32
#3	Device 1	94.86'	2.0"	Vert. 2" Órifice C= 0.600

Primary OutFlow Max=0.12 cfs @ 12.42 hrs HW=96.29' (Free Discharge)

-1=Culvert (Passes 0.12 cfs of 2.87 cfs potential flow)

-2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

-3=2" Orifice (Orifice Controls 0.12 cfs @ 5.58 fps)

Pond DP4: Detention System



Summary for Link DP#1: Cow Island Pond

Inflow Area	a =	0.602 ac, 7	76.14% Impe	ervious,	Inflow Dept	th = 1.6	6" for 2-Y	EAR event
Inflow	=	1.45 cfs @	12.01 hrs,	Volume	= 0.	.083 af		
Primary	=	1.45 cfs @	12.01 hrs,	Volume	= 0.	.083 af,	Atten= 0%,	Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Link DP#1: Cow Island Pond

Summary for Subcatchment P1: Adj to Gardner Street

Runoff = 0.19 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.011 af, Depth= 2.37"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YEAR Rainfall=4.70"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
 270	98	Paved parking, HSG C
 2,212	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
 2,482	77	Weighted Average
2,212		89.12% Pervious Area
270		10.88% Impervious Area

Subcatchment P1: Adj to Gardner Street



Summary for Subcatchment P2: 178 Gardner Street Roof Tops

1.68 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= Runoff 0.112 af, Depth= 4.46" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YEAR Rainfall=4.70"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
13,087	98	Paved parking, HSG C
13,087		100.00% Impervious Area

Subcatchment P2: 178 Gardner Street Roof Tops



Summary for Subcatchment P3: Parking Lot & Adj Landscaped Area

Runoff = 1.04 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.062 af, Depth= 3.49"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YEAR Rainfall=4.70"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
5,944	98	Paved parking, HSG C
 3,330	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
9,274	89	Weighted Average
3,330		35.91% Pervious Area
5,944		64.09% Impervious Area

Subcatchment P3: Parking Lot & Adj Landscaped Area



Summary for Subcatchment P4: Adj to Charles Park Road

Runoff = 0.14 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.008 af, Depth= 3.19"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YEAR Rainfall=4.70"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
674	98	Paved parking, HSG C
 718	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,392	86	Weighted Average
718		51.58% Pervious Area
674		48.42% Impervious Area

Subcatchment P4: Adj to Charles Park Road



Summary for Pond DP1: Gardner Street Drainage System

Inflow Are	a =	0.057 ac, 1	10.88% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 2.	37" for 10-YEAR event
Inflow	=	0.19 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume	= 0.011 af	
Primary	=	0.19 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume	= 0.011 af,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Pond DP1: Gardner Street Drainage System

Summary for Pond DP2: Charles Park Road Drainage System

Inflow A	rea =	0.545 ac, 8	32.96% Imperviou	s, Inflow Depth =	2.8	9" for 10-`	YEAR event
Inflow	=	1.90 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volui	ne= 0.131	af		
Primary	=	1.90 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volu	ne= 0.131	af, .	Atten= 0%,	Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Pond DP2: Charles Park Road Drainage System



Summary for Pond DP3: Infiltration System

Inflow Area	ı =	0.300 ac,10	0.00% Impe	ervious, Inflow	Depth = 4.4	6" for 10-`	YEAR event
Inflow	=	1.68 cfs @	12.00 hrs,	Volume=	0.112 af		
Outflow	=	1.65 cfs @	12.01 hrs,	Volume=	0.112 af,	Atten= 2%,	Lag= 0.3 min
Discarded	=	0.01 cfs @	4.70 hrs,	Volume=	0.051 af		
Primary	=	1.63 cfs @	12.01 hrs,	Volume=	0.061 af		

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 97.97' @ 12.01 hrs Surf.Area= 618 sf Storage= 1,150 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 326.6 min calculated for 0.112 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 326.6 min (1,070.1 - 743.5)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	94.37'	504 cf	15.75'W x 39.22'L x 3.83'H Field A
			2,368 cf Overall - 689 cf Embedded = 1,679 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2A	95.20'	689 cf	ADS_StormTech SC-740 +Cap x 15 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 44.6"W x 30.0"H => 6.45 sf x 7.12'L = 45.9 cf
			Overall Size= 51.0"W x 30.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap
			15 Chambers in 3 Rows
		1,193 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	95.20'	12.0" Round Culvert
			L= 67.7' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 95.20' / 94.25' S= 0.0140 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.009 PVC, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	97.70'	4.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32
#3	Discarded	94.37'	1.020 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 4.70 hrs HW=94.41' (Free Discharge) **3=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.01 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=1.62 cfs @ 12.01 hrs HW=97.97' (Free Discharge) 1=Culvert (Passes 1.62 cfs of 4.50 cfs potential flow) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 1.62 cfs @ 1.49 fps)

Pond DP3: Infiltration System - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = ADS_StormTechSC-740 +Cap (ADS StormTech®SC-740 with cap length)

Effective Size= 44.6"W x 30.0"H => 6.45 sf x 7.12'L = 45.9 cf Overall Size= 51.0"W x 30.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap

51.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing = 57.0" C-C Row Spacing

5 Chambers/Row x 7.12' Long +0.81' Cap Length x 2 = 37.22' Row Length +12.0" End Stone x 2 = 39.22' Base Length 3 Rows x 51.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing x 2 + 12.0" Side Stone x 2 = 15.75' Base Width 10.0" Base + 30.0" Chamber Height + 6.0" Cover = 3.83' Field Height

15 Chambers x 45.9 cf = 689.1 cf Chamber Storage

2,367.7 cf Field - 689.1 cf Chambers = 1,678.6 cf Stone x 30.0% Voids = 503.6 cf Stone Storage

Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 1,192.7 cf = 0.027 afOverall Storage Efficiency = 50.4%Overall System Size = $39.22' \times 15.75' \times 3.83'$

15 Chambers 87.7 cy Field 62.2 cy Stone





Pond DP3: Infiltration System



Summary for Pond DP4: Detention System

Inflow Area	a =	0.213 ac, 6	4.09% Impe	ervious,	Inflow	Depth =	3.49)" for	10-Y	EAR event	t
Inflow	=	1.04 cfs @	12.00 hrs,	Volume	=	0.062	af				
Outflow	=	0.16 cfs @	12.44 hrs,	Volume	=	0.062	af, A	Atten= 8	35%,	Lag= 26.6	min
Primary	=	0.16 cfs @	12.44 hrs,	Volume	=	0.062	af			-	

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 97.15' @ 12.44 hrs Surf.Area= 719 sf Storage= 929 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 58.3 min calculated for 0.062 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 58.2 min (849.2 - 791.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	rage	Storage Description		
#1	94.86'	38	38 cf	10.57'W x 68.00'L x 2.67'H Prismatoid		
#2	05 10'	62	05 cf	1,919 cf Overall - 625 cf Embedded = 1,294 cf x 30.0% Voids		
#2	30.13	02	-0 01	L= 66.3'		
		1,01	3 cf	Total Available Storage		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outle	et Devices		
#1	Primary	94.86'	94.86' 12.0" Round Culvert			
			L= 1	26.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900		
			Inlet	/ Outlet Invert= 94.86' / 94.25' S= 0.0048 /' Cc= 0.900		
#2	Device 1	97 19'	1 – 0	Iong v 0.5' broadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir		
π2	Device	57.15	Head	d (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00		
			Coe	f. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32		
#3	Device 1	94.86'	2.0"	Vert. 2" Orifice C= 0.600		

Primary OutFlow Max=0.16 cfs @ 12.44 hrs HW=97.15' (Free Discharge)

-1=Culvert (Passes 0.16 cfs of 3.99 cfs potential flow)

2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

-3=2" Orifice (Orifice Controls 0.16 cfs @ 7.15 fps)

Pond DP4: Detention System



Summary for Link DP#1: Cow Island Pond

Inflow Are	ea =	0.602 ac, 7	76.14% Impervio	us, Inflow Depth	= 2.8	34" for 10-	YEAR event
Inflow	=	2.09 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volu	ume= 0.14	3 af		
Primary	=	2.09 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volu	ume= 0.14	3 af,	Atten= 0%,	Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Link DP#1: Cow Island Pond

Summary for Subcatchment P1: Adj to Gardner Street

Runoff = 0.36 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.021 af, Depth= 4.37"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YEAR Rainfall=7.00"

Area	a (sf)	CN	Description
	270	98	Paved parking, HSG C
2	2,212	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
2	2,482	77	Weighted Average
2	2,212		89.12% Pervious Area
	270		10.88% Impervious Area

Subcatchment P1: Adj to Gardner Street



Summary for Subcatchment P2: 178 Gardner Street Roof Tops

Runoff = 2.52 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.169 af, Depth= 6.76"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YEAR Rainfall=7.00"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
13,087	98	Paved parking, HSG C
13,087		100.00% Impervious Area

Subcatchment P2: 178 Gardner Street Roof Tops



Summary for Subcatchment P3: Parking Lot & Adj Landscaped Area

Runoff = 1.65 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.101 af, Depth= 5.71"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YEAR Rainfall=7.00"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
5,944	98	Paved parking, HSG C
 3,330	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
 9,274	89	Weighted Average
3,330		35.91% Pervious Area
5.944		64.09% Impervious Area

Subcatchment P3: Parking Lot & Adj Landscaped Area



Summary for Subcatchment P4: Adj to Charles Park Road

Runoff = 0.24 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.014 af, Depth= 5.37"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YEAR Rainfall=7.00"

A	Area (sf)	CN	Description
	674	98	Paved parking, HSG C
	718	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
	1,392	86	Weighted Average
	718		51.58% Pervious Area
	674		48.42% Impervious Area

Subcatchment P4: Adj to Charles Park Road



Summary for Pond DP1: Gardner Street Drainage System

Inflow Are	ea =	0.057 ac, 1	10.88% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 4.3	37" for 100-YEAR event
Inflow	=	0.36 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume	= 0.021 af	
Primary	=	0.36 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume	= 0.021 af,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Pond DP1: Gardner Street Drainage System

Summary for Pond DP2: Charles Park Road Drainage System

Inflow Are	a =	0.545 ac, 8	2.96% Impervi	ous, Inflow De	pth = 5.12"	for 100-YEAR event
Inflow	=	4.02 cfs @	12.02 hrs, Vol	lume=	0.232 af	
Primary	=	4.02 cfs @	12.02 hrs, Vol	lume=	0.232 af, At	ten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Pond DP2: Charles Park Road Drainage System

Summary for Pond DP3: Infiltration System

Inflow Area	ı =	0.300 ac,10	0.00% Impe	ervious, Inflow	Depth = 6.76	6" for 100-YEAR event
Inflow	=	2.52 cfs @	12.00 hrs,	Volume=	0.169 af	
Outflow	=	2.47 cfs @	12.00 hrs,	Volume=	0.169 af, <i>I</i>	Atten= 2%, Lag= 0.2 min
Discarded	=	0.01 cfs @	2.65 hrs,	Volume=	0.052 af	
Primary	=	2.46 cfs @	12.00 hrs,	Volume=	0.117 af	

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 98.06' @ 12.00 hrs Surf.Area= 618 sf Storage= 1,165 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 231.1 min calculated for 0.169 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 231.2 min (968.6 - 737.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	94.37'	504 cf	15.75'W x 39.22'L x 3.83'H Field A
			2,368 cf Overall - 689 cf Embedded = 1,679 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2A	95.20'	689 cf	ADS_StormTech SC-740 +Cap x 15 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 44.6"W x 30.0"H => 6.45 sf x 7.12'L = 45.9 cf
			Overall Size= 51.0"W x 30.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap
			15 Chambers in 3 Rows
		1,193 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	95.20'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 67.7' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 95.20' / 94.25' S= 0.0140 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.009 PVC, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	97.70'	4.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32
#3	Discarded	94.37'	1.020 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 2.65 hrs HW=94.41' (Free Discharge) **3=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.01 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=2.44 cfs @ 12.00 hrs HW=98.05' (Free Discharge) 1=Culvert (Passes 2.44 cfs of 4.58 cfs potential flow) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 2.44 cfs @ 1.72 fps)

Pond DP3: Infiltration System - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = ADS_StormTechSC-740 +Cap (ADS StormTech®SC-740 with cap length)

Effective Size= 44.6"W x 30.0"H => 6.45 sf x 7.12'L = 45.9 cf Overall Size= 51.0"W x 30.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap

51.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing = 57.0" C-C Row Spacing

5 Chambers/Row x 7.12' Long +0.81' Cap Length x 2 = 37.22' Row Length +12.0" End Stone x 2 = 39.22' Base Length 3 Rows x 51.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing x 2 + 12.0" Side Stone x 2 = 15.75' Base Width 10.0" Base + 30.0" Chamber Height + 6.0" Cover = 3.83' Field Height

15 Chambers x 45.9 cf = 689.1 cf Chamber Storage

2,367.7 cf Field - 689.1 cf Chambers = 1,678.6 cf Stone x 30.0% Voids = 503.6 cf Stone Storage

Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 1,192.7 cf = 0.027 afOverall Storage Efficiency = 50.4%Overall System Size = $39.22' \times 15.75' \times 3.83'$

15 Chambers 87.7 cy Field 62.2 cy Stone





Pond DP3: Infiltration System


Summary for Pond DP4: Detention System

Inflow Area	a =	0.213 ac, 6	4.09% Impe	ervious,	Inflow Depth	n = 5.7	71" for	100-`	YEAR event	
Inflow	=	1.65 cfs @	12.00 hrs,	Volume=	= 0.1	101 af				
Outflow	=	1.49 cfs @	12.02 hrs,	Volume=	= 0.′	101 af,	Atten=	10%,	Lag= 1.3 mi	in
Primary	=	1.49 cfs @	12.02 hrs,	Volume=	= 0.2	101 af				

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 97.43' @ 12.02 hrs Surf.Area= 719 sf Storage= 991 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 49.2 min calculated for 0.101 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 49.4 min (827.1 - 777.6)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	rage	Storage Description
#1	94.86'	38	38 cf	10.57'W x 68.00'L x 2.67'H Prismatoid
				1,919 cf Overall - 625 cf Embedded = 1,294 cf x 30.0% Voids
#2	95.19'	62	25 cf	24.0" Round 24" Perforated Pipex 3 Inside #1
				L= 66.3'
		1,01	3 cf	Total Available Storage
Device	Routing	Invert	Outle	et Devices
#1	Primary	94.86'	12.0	" Round Culvert
	-		L= 1	26.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900
			Inlet	/ Outlet Invert= 94.86' / 94.25' S= 0.0048 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0	.009 PVC, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	97.19'	4.0'	long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head	d (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00
			Coet	f. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32
#3	Device 1	94.86'	2.0"	Vert. 2" Orifice C= 0.600

Primary OutFlow Max=1.47 cfs @ 12.02 hrs HW=97.43' (Free Discharge)

-**1=Culvert** (Passes 1.47 cfs of 4.29 cfs potential flow)

-2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 1.30 cfs @ 1.37 fps)

-3=2" Orifice (Orifice Controls 0.17 cfs @ 7.59 fps)

Pond DP4: Detention System



Summary for Link DP#1: Cow Island Pond

Inflow Are	ea =	0.602 ac, 7	6.14% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 5.	05" for 100-YEAR event
Inflow	=	4.41 cfs @	12.01 hrs, Volume	= 0.253 af	
Primary	=	4.41 cfs @	12.01 hrs, Volume	= 0.253 af,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Link DP#1: Cow Island Pond



Appendix C: Water Quality Calculations

Summary	Wizards Hy	drograph Disch	arge Storag	ge Events	Sizing	
Time	Inflow	Storage	Elevation	Outflow	Discarded	Primary
(hours)	(cfs)	(cubic-feet)	(feet)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)
0.00	0.00	0	94.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
2.00	0.01	5	94.40	0.01	0.01	0.00
4.00	0.02	28	94.52	0.01	0.01	0.00
6.00	0.03	115	94.99	0.01	0.01	0.00
8.00	0.05	310	95.54	0.01	0.01	0.00
10.00	0.10	761	96.60	0.01	0.01	0.00
12.00	2.52	1,165	98.05	2.46	0.01	2.44
14.00	0.10	1,107	97.74	0.10	0.01	0.09
16.00	0.06	1,103	97.72	0.06	0.01	0.04
18.00	0.03	1,101	97.71	0.03	0.01	0.02
20.00	0.03	1,101	97.71	0.03	0.01	0.01
22.00	0.02	1,101	97.71	0.02	DECH	ADCE 1
24.00	0.01	1,100	97.70	0.02		ARGE)
26.00	0.00	995	97.26	0.01	VOLUI	VIE j
28.00	0.00	890	96.94	0.01	0.01	0.00
30.00	0.00	785	96.66	0.01	0.01	0.00
32.00	0.00	680	96.39	0.01	0.01	0.00
34.00	0.00	575	96.14	0.01	0.01	0.00
36.00	0.00	470	95.90	0.01	0.01	0.00
38.00	0.00	365	95.66	0.01	0.01	0.00
40.00	0.00	260	95.43	0.01	0.01	0.00
42.00	0.00	155	95.20	0.01	0.01	0.00
44.00	0.00	50	94.64	S-M C	OMPLETE	LY 0.00
46.00	0.00	0	94.37		TERED	0.00
48.00	0.00	0	94.37	2207		0.00
50.00	0.00	0	94.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
52.00	0.00	0	94.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
54.00	0.00	0	94.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
56.00	0.00	0	94.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
58.00	0.00	0	94.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
60.00	0.00	0	94.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
62.00	0.00	0	94.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
64.00	0.00	0	94.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
66.00	0.00	0	94.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
68.00	0.00	0	94.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
70.00	0.00	0	94.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
72.00	0.00	0	94.37	0.00	0.00	0.00

Pond DP3: Infiltration System - POST_178 Gardner

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. In BMP Column, click on Blue Cell to Activate Drop Down Menu

2. Select BMP from Drop Down Menu

must be used if Proprietary BMP Proposed

1. From MassDEP Stormwater Handbook Vol. 1

3. After BMP is selected, TSS Removal and other Columns are automatically completed.

	Location:	178 Gardner Street, W. Rox				
	В	C	D	E	F.	
			Starting TSS	Amount	Remaining	
	BMP	Rate	Load*	Removed (C*D)	Load (D-E)	
oval orksheet	Deep Sump and Hooded Catch Basin	0.25	1.00	0.25	0.75	
	Oil Grit Separator	0.25	0.75	0.19	0.56	
Rem Rem	Subsurface Infiltration Structure	0.80	0.56	0.45	0.11	
TSS culat		0.00	0.11	0.00	0.11	
Cal		0.00	0.11	0.00	0.11	
		Total T	SS Removal =	89%	Separate Form Needs to be Completed for Each Outlet or BMP Train	
	Project:	G&H		2		
	Prepared By:	George N. Mihov, PE		*Equals remaining load from previous BMP (E)		
	Date:	12/10/2020		which enters the BMP		
Non-autom	ated TSS Calculation Sheet					

Version 1, Automated: Mar. 4, 2008

Mass. Dept. of Environmental Protection



Appendix D: Operation and Maintenance Plan

West Roxbury Residences Stormwater Management System

Operation and Maintenance Plan (O&M) and Long Term Pollution Prevention Plan (LTPPP)

December, 2020

This Stormwater Management System Operation and Maintenance Plan provides for the inspection and maintenance of structural Best Management Practices (BMPs) and for measures to prevent pollution associated with the West Roxbury Residences at 178 Gardner Street in Boston, MA.

This document has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Stormwater Regulations included in the Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act Regulations (310 CMR 10).

Responsible Party

WBA Townhomes LLC will be responsible for the operation and maintenance of the stormwater management facilities and associated stormwater management features.

<u>Contact Information:</u> Peter Davos WBA Townhomes LLC 94 Grayfield Ave West Roxbury, MA 02132 Phone: (617) 719-8668

The stormwater management system will be maintained properly to assure its continued performance, as follows.

- 1. Catch basins
 - a. Inspect quarterly (January, April, July, October)
 - b. Clean 2 times per year or when deposits reach ½ the depth of the sump
- 2. Subsurface Infiltration System
 - a. Inspect every 6 months and after every major storm event, remove debris
 - b. Remove any debris that may clog system.
 - c. Remove sediment if depth reaches 3 inches.
- 3. Water Quality Units

Follow manufacturer's recommendations including at a minimum:

a. Inspect twice a year (spring and fall) minimum and after major storm events

- b. Sediment removal is required when the level of sediment has reached 75% of capacity in the isolated sump or when an appreciable level of hydrocarbons and trash has accumulated.
- c. Remove floatable trash, debris and oil.

Maintenance of these components will be conducted in accordance with the Mass DEP Stormwater Policy Manual as noted in the attached Operation and Maintenance table summarizing the pertinent inspection and maintenance activities. The Mass DEP Stormwater Policy Manual is available at the following web-site:

http://www.mass.gov/eea/agencies/massdep/water/regulations/massachusetts-stormwaterhandbook.html

Practices for Long Term Pollution Prevention

Litter Pick-up

The Owner will conduct litter pick-up from the stormwater management facilities in conjunction with routine maintenance activities.

Routine Inspection and Maintenance of Stormwater BMPs

The Owner will conduct inspection and maintenance of the stormwater management practices in accordance with the guidelines discussed above.

Maintenance of Landscaped Areas

The Owner shall minimize use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides for the maintenance of facilities covered by this plan.

Prohibition of Illicit Discharges

The DEP Stormwater Management Standards prohibit illicit discharges to the storm water management system. Illicit discharges are discharges that do not entirely consist of stormwater, except for certain specified non-stormwater discharges.

Discharges from the following activities are <u>not</u> considered illicit discharges:

- firefighting water line flushing landscape irrigation uncontaminated groundwater potable water sources water used to clean residential buildings without detergents
- foundation drains footing drains individual resident car washing flows from riparian habitats and wetlands dechlorinated water from swimming pools water used for street washing air conditioning condensation

There are no known or proposed illicit connections associated with this project.



Appendix E: Checklist for Stormwater Report



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program Checklist for Stormwater Report

A. Introduction

Important: When filling out forms on the computer, use only the tab key to move your cursor - do not use the return key.



A Stormwater Report must be submitted with the Notice of Intent permit application to document compliance with the Stormwater Management Standards. The following checklist is NOT a substitute for the Stormwater Report (which should provide more substantive and detailed information) but is offered here as a tool to help the applicant organize their Stormwater Management documentation for their Report and for the reviewer to assess this information in a consistent format. As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Report must contain the engineering computations and supporting information set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The Stormwater Report must be prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer (RPE) licensed in the Commonwealth.

The Stormwater Report must include:

- The Stormwater Checklist completed and stamped by a Registered Professional Engineer (see page 2) that certifies that the Stormwater Report contains all required submittals.¹ This Checklist is to be used as the cover for the completed Stormwater Report.
- Applicant/Project Name
- Project Address
- Name of Firm and Registered Professional Engineer that prepared the Report
- Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan required by Standards 4-6
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan required by Standard 8²
- Operation and Maintenance Plan required by Standard 9

In addition to all plans and supporting information, the Stormwater Report must include a brief narrative describing stormwater management practices, including environmentally sensitive site design and LID techniques, along with a diagram depicting runoff through the proposed BMP treatment train. Plans are required to show existing and proposed conditions, identify all wetland resource areas, NRCS soil types, critical areas, Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPL), and any areas on the site where infiltration rate is greater than 2.4 inches per hour. The Plans shall identify the drainage areas for both existing and proposed conditions at a scale that enables verification of supporting calculations.

As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Management Report shall document compliance with each of the Stormwater Management Standards as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The soils evaluation and calculations shall be done using the methodologies set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

To ensure that the Stormwater Report is complete, applicants are required to fill in the Stormwater Report Checklist by checking the box to indicate that the specified information has been included in the Stormwater Report. If any of the information specified in the checklist has not been submitted, the applicant must provide an explanation. The completed Stormwater Report Checklist and Certification must be submitted with the Stormwater Report.

¹ The Stormwater Report may also include the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement required by Standard 10. If not included in the Stormwater Report, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement must be submitted prior to the discharge of stormwater runoff to the post-construction best management practices.

² For some complex projects, it may not be possible to include the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan in the Stormwater Report. In that event, the issuing authority has the discretion to issue an Order of Conditions that approves the project and includes a condition requiring the proponent to submit the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan before commencing any land disturbance activity on the site.



B. Stormwater Checklist and Certification

The following checklist is intended to serve as a guide for applicants as to the elements that ordinarily need to be addressed in a complete Stormwater Report. The checklist is also intended to provide conservation commissions and other reviewing authorities with a summary of the components necessary for a comprehensive Stormwater Report that addresses the ten Stormwater Standards.

Note: Because stormwater requirements vary from project to project, it is possible that a complete Stormwater Report may not include information on some of the subjects specified in the Checklist. If it is determined that a specific item does not apply to the project under review, please note that the item is not applicable (N.A.) and provide the reasons for that determination.

A complete checklist must include the Certification set forth below signed by the Registered Professional Engineer who prepared the Stormwater Report.

Registered Professional Engineer's Certification

I have reviewed the Stormwater Report, including the soil evaluation, computations, Long-term Pollution Prevention Plan, the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (if included), the Long-term Post-Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement (if included) and the plans showing the stormwater management system, and have determined that they have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards as further elaborated by the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. I have also determined that the information presented in the Stormwater Checklist is accurate and that the information presented in the Stormwater Report accurately reflects conditions at the site as of the date of this permit application.

Registered Professional Engineer Block and Signature



Mehav

January 20, 2021

Signature and Date

Checklist

Project Type: Is the application for new development, redevelopment, or a mix of new and redevelopment?

New development



Mix of New Development and Redevelopment



LID Measures: Stormwater Standards require LID measures to be considered. Document what environmentally sensitive design and LID Techniques were considered during the planning and design of the project:

No disturbance to any Wetland Resource Areas						
Site Design Practices (e.g. clustered development, reduced frontage setbacks)						
Reduced Impervious Area (Redevelopment Only)						
Minimizing disturbance to existing trees and shrubs						
LID Site Design Credit Requested:						
Credit 1						
Credit 2						
Credit 3						
Use of "country drainage" versus curb and gutter conveyance and pipe						
Bioretention Cells (includes Rain Gardens)						
Constructed Stormwater Wetlands (includes Gravel Wetlands designs)						
Treebox Filter						
Water Quality Swale						
Grass Channel						
Green Roof						
Other (describe): Suburface Infiltration Systems						

Standard 1: No New Untreated Discharges

- \boxtimes No new untreated discharges
- Outlets have been designed so there is no erosion or scour to wetlands and waters of the Commonwealth
- Supporting calculations specified in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook included.



Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation

- Standard 2 waiver requested because the project is located in land subject to coastal storm flowage and stormwater discharge is to a wetland subject to coastal flooding.
- Evaluation provided to determine whether off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm.

Calculations provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed predevelopment rates for the 2-year and 10-year 24-hour storms. If evaluation shows that off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm, calculations are also provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 100-year 24hour storm.

Standard 3: Recharge

🛛 Soil Analysis provid

- Required Recharge Volume calculation provided.
- Required Recharge volume reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
- Sizing the infiltration, BMPs is based on the following method: Check the method used.

Static Simple Dynamic

c 🛛 🗌 Dynamic Field¹

- Runoff from all impervious areas at the site discharging to the infiltration BMP.
- Runoff from all impervious areas at the site is *not* discharging to the infiltration BMP and calculations are provided showing that the drainage area contributing runoff to the infiltration BMPs is sufficient to generate the required recharge volume.
- Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume.
- Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume *only* to the maximum extent practicable for the following reason:
 - Site is comprised solely of C and D soils and/or bedrock at the land surface
 - M.G.L. c. 21E sites pursuant to 310 CMR 40.0000
 - Solid Waste Landfill pursuant to 310 CMR 19.000
 - Project is otherwise subject to Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum extent practicable.
- Calculations showing that the infiltration BMPs will drain in 72 hours are provided.

Property includes a M.G.L. c. 21E site or a solid waste landfill and a mounding analysis is included.

1 000/_ 1	TSS romoval	lic roquirod pri	or to discharge	to infiltration E	2MD if Dynamic B	Field mothod is used
· OU 70	LOO LEHIOVA	i is required on	JE TO DISCHALOF	е ю плинанон г		ieid memod is used



Standard 3: Recharge (continued)

The infiltration BMP is used to attenuate peak flows during storms greater than or equal to the 10year 24-hour storm and separation to seasonal high groundwater is less than 4 feet and a mounding analysis is provided.

Documentation is provided showing that infiltration BMPs do not adversely impact nearby wetland resource areas.

Standard 4: Water Quality

The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan typically includes the following:

- Good housekeeping practices;
- Provisions for storing materials and waste products inside or under cover;
- Vehicle washing controls;
- Requirements for routine inspections and maintenance of stormwater BMPs;
- Spill prevention and response plans;
- Provisions for maintenance of lawns, gardens, and other landscaped areas;
- Requirements for storage and use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides;
- Pet waste management provisions;
- Provisions for operation and management of septic systems;
- Provisions for solid waste management;
- Snow disposal and plowing plans relative to Wetland Resource Areas;
- Winter Road Salt and/or Sand Use and Storage restrictions;
- Street sweeping schedules;
- Provisions for prevention of illicit discharges to the stormwater management system;
- Documentation that Stormwater BMPs are designed to provide for shutdown and containment in the event of a spill or discharges to or near critical areas or from LUHPPL;
- Training for staff or personnel involved with implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan;
- List of Emergency contacts for implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan.
- A Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is attached to Stormwater Report and is included as an attachment to the Wetlands Notice of Intent.
- Treatment BMPs subject to the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement and the one inch rule for calculating the water quality volume are included, and discharge:
 - is within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area
 - is near or to other critical areas
 - is within soils with a rapid infiltration rate (greater than 2.4 inches per hour)
 - involves runoff from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads.
- The Required Water Quality Volume is reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
- Calculations documenting that the treatment train meets the 80% TSS removal requirement and, if applicable, the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement, are provided.



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program Checklist for Stormwater Report

Check	list	(continued))
		\ /	

Standard 4: Water Quality (continued)

- The BMP is sized (and calculations provided) based on:
 - ☐ The ½" or 1" Water Quality Volume or
 - The equivalent flow rate associated with the Water Quality Volume and documentation is provided showing that the BMP treats the required water quality volume.
- The applicant proposes to use proprietary BMPs, and documentation supporting use of proprietary BMP and proposed TSS removal rate is provided. This documentation may be in the form of the propriety BMP checklist found in Volume 2, Chapter 4 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook and submitting copies of the TARP Report, STEP Report, and/or other third party studies verifying performance of the proprietary BMPs.
- A TMDL exists that indicates a need to reduce pollutants other than TSS and documentation showing that the BMPs selected are consistent with the TMDL is provided.

Standard 5: Land Uses With Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPLs)

- The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been included with the Stormwater Report.
- The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the SWPPP will be submitted **prior to** the discharge of stormwater to the post-construction stormwater BMPs.
- The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit does *not* cover the land use.
- LUHPPLs are located at the site and industry specific source control and pollution prevention measures have been proposed to reduce or eliminate the exposure of LUHPPLs to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff, and been included in the long term Pollution Prevention Plan.
- All exposure has been eliminated.
- All exposure has *not* been eliminated and all BMPs selected are on MassDEP LUHPPL list.
- The LUHPPL has the potential to generate runoff with moderate to higher concentrations of oil and grease (e.g. all parking lots with >1000 vehicle trips per day) and the treatment train includes an oil grit separator, a filtering bioretention area, a sand filter or equivalent.

Standard 6: Critical Areas

- The discharge is near or to a critical area and the treatment train includes only BMPs that MassDEP has approved for stormwater discharges to or near that particular class of critical area.
- Critical areas and BMPs are identified in the Stormwater Report.



Standard 7: Redevelopments and Other Projects Subject to the Standards only to the maximum extent practicable

The project is subject to the Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum Extent Practicable as a:

Limited Project
Small Residential Projects: 5-9 single family houses

Small Residential Projects: 5-9 single family houses or 5-9 units in a multi-family development provided there is no discharge that may potentially affect a critical area.

Small Residential Projects: 2-4 single family houses or 2-4 units in a multi-family development with a discharge to a critical area

- Marina and/or boatyard provided the hull painting, service and maintenance areas are protected from exposure to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff
- Bike Path and/or Foot Path
- Redevelopment Project
- Redevelopment portion of mix of new and redevelopment.
- Certain standards are not fully met (Standard No. 1, 8, 9, and 10 must always be fully met) and an explanation of why these standards are not met is contained in the Stormwater Report.

☐ The project involves redevelopment and a description of all measures that have been taken to improve existing conditions is provided in the Stormwater Report. The redevelopment checklist found in Volume 2 Chapter 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook may be used to document that the proposed stormwater management system (a) complies with Standards 2, 3 and the pretreatment and structural BMP requirements of Standards 4-6 to the maximum extent practicable and (b) improves existing conditions.

Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control

A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan must include the following information:

- Narrative;
- Construction Period Operation and Maintenance Plan;
- Names of Persons or Entity Responsible for Plan Compliance;
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention Measures;
- Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan Drawings;
- Detail drawings and specifications for erosion control BMPs, including sizing calculations;
- Vegetation Planning;
- Site Development Plan;
- Construction Sequencing Plan;
- Sequencing of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Operation and Maintenance of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Inspection Schedule;
- Maintenance Schedule;
- Inspection and Maintenance Log Form.

A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan containing the information set forth above has been included in the Stormwater Report.



Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control (continued)

The project is highly complex and information is included in the Stormwater Report that explains why
it is not possible to submit the Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and
Sedimentation Control Plan with the application. A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and
Erosion and Sedimentation Control has <i>not</i> been included in the Stormwater Report but will be
submitted before land disturbance begins.

- The project is *not* covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit.
- The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit and a copy of the SWPPP is in the Stormwater Report.
- The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit but no SWPPP been submitted. The SWPPP will be submitted BEFORE land disturbance begins.

Standard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan

\ge	The Post Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan is included in the Stormwater Report and
	includes the following information:

- Name of the stormwater management system owners;
- Party responsible for operation and maintenance;
- Schedule for implementation of routine and non-routine maintenance tasks;
- Plan showing the location of all stormwater BMPs maintenance access areas;
- Description and delineation of public safety features;
- Estimated operation and maintenance budget; and
- Operation and Maintenance Log Form.
- The responsible party is *not* the owner of the parcel where the BMP is located and the Stormwater Report includes the following submissions:
 - A copy of the legal instrument (deed, homeowner's association, utility trust or other legal entity) that establishes the terms of and legal responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the project site stormwater BMPs;
 - A plan and easement deed that allows site access for the legal entity to operate and maintain BMP functions.

Standard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges

- The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan includes measures to prevent illicit discharges;
- An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached;
- NO Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached but will be submitted *prior to* the discharge of any stormwater to post-construction BMPs.



Appendix F: Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement

Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement

Project Name: West Roxbury Residences, 178 Gardner Street, West Roxbury, MA

By signing this statement, I confirm that no illicit discharges (as defined in Section 40 CFR 122.34(b)(3) of the Phase II Stormwater Regulations under the Clean Water Act) are proposed to enter the stormwater system at 178 Gardner Street. Illicit discharge detection and elimination procedures will be implemented routinely by visual inspections to prevent illicit discharges into the stormwater system. All personnel working at 178 Gardner Street will be informed of the illicit discharge detection and elimination procedures and that no illicit discharges are allowed to enter the stormwater system.

Signature:	
Title: MANAGER	
Date: /////2-/	
Company: WBA Townhomes, LLC	
Address: 178 Gardner Street, West Roxbury, MA 02132	
Telephone Number: 617 - 719 - 8668	



Appendix G: Proposed Plans

PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER



11 Beacon Street, Suite 1010 Boston, Massachusetts 02108 617.482.7080

www.hshassoc.com



- IF FINAL GRADING IS TO BE DELAYED FOR MORE THAN 21 DAYS AFTER LAND DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES CEASE, TEMPORARY VEGETATION OR MULCH SHALL BE USED TO STABILIZED SOILS WITHIN 14 DAYS OF THE LAST DISTURBANCE.
 IF A DISTURBED AREA WILL BE EXPOSED FOR GREATER THAN ONE YEAR, PERMANENT GRASSES OR OTHER
- A DISTORBED AREA WILL BE EXPOSED FOR GREATER THAN ONE TEAR, PERMANENT GRASSES OR OTHER APPROVED COVER MUST BE INSTALLED.
 8. THE CONTRACTOR MUST KEEP ON-SITE AT ALL TIMES ADDITIONAL FILTER BERMS AND/OR SILT FENCE FOR
- THE INSTALLATION AT THE DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER OR CONSERVATION COMMISSION TO MITIGATE ANY EMERGENCY CONDITION. 9. THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS AS SHOWN MAY NOT BE PRACTICAL DURING ALL STAGES OF
- THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS AS SHOWN MAY NOT BE PRACTICAL DURING ALL STAGES OF CONSTRUCTION. EARTHWORK ACTIVITY ON-SITE MUST BE DONE IN A MANNER SUCH THAT RUNOFF IS DIRECTED TO A SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICE OR INFILTRATED TO THE GROUND.
 DEMOLITION AND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS MUST BE PROPERLY CONTAINED AND DISPOSED OF.
- 11. DISPOSAL OF ALL DEMOLISHED MATERIALS IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR AND MUST BE HAULED OFF-SITE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REQUIREMENTS.

ABAN R&D R&S ADJ EXIST L.O.W. CONC C SF 	ABANDON REMOVE & DISPOSE REMOVE & STACK ADJUST EXISTING LIMIT OF WORK CONCRETE CUT & CAP UTILITY LINE SILT FENCE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION FENCE CATCH BASIN FILTER	PROJECT NAME West Roxbury Residences PROJECT ADDRESS 178 Gardner Street West Roxbury, MA CLIENT WBA Townhomes, LLC
$\frac{66.73'}{N \ 62'52'37'' W} = \frac{66.73'}{N \ 62'52'37'' W} = \frac{66.73'}{109.52'} = \frac{66.73'}{FLOW} = \frac{6}{12'' PVC} = \frac{6}{12'' PVC} = \frac{6}{10} = \frac{6}{10}$	ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE ABANDON PROPERTY LINE	ARCHITECT
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		COPYRIGHT KDI © 2018 THESE DRAWINGS ARE NOW AND DO REMAIN THE SOLE PROPERTY OF KHALSA DESIGN INC. USE OF THESE PLANS OR ANY FORM OF REPRODUCTION OF THIS DESIGN IN WHOLE OR IN PART WITHOUT EXPRESS WRITTEN CONSENT IS PROHIBITED AND SHALL RESULT IN THE FULLEST EXTENT OF PROSECUTION UNDER LAW
		Project number 18111 Date 08/18/2020 Drawn by MGB Checked by REL
		Scale I - 20 REVISIONS No. Description Date 1 BWSC PERMIT SET 10.08.2020 PROGRESS DWG-DRAFT 11.11.2020 50 % PROGRESS SET 11.25.2020 BWSC PERMIT SET 12.16.2020 Output Output Output Output Output Output Output Output
20	0 20 40 SCALE IN FEET	178 Gardner Street - Site Preparation Plan C-100

West Roxbury Residences



LEGEN BIT CONC CONC CB O CO • DMH O CO • LOW RET WALL VGC	D BITUMINOUS CONCRETE CONCRETE CATCH BASIN CLEANOUT DRAIN MANHOLE LIMIT OF WORK RETAINING WALL VERTICAL GRANITE CURB (VGC) PROPOSED VGC PROPERTY LINE	PROJECT NAME West Roxbury Residences PROJECT ADDRESS 178 Gardner Street West Roxbury, MA CLIENT WBA Townhomes, LLC
66.73' 32'52'37'' W o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o		ARCHITECT
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		COPYRIGHT KDI © 2018 THESE DRAWINGS ARE NOW AND DO REMAIN THE SOLE PROPERTY OF KHALSA DESIGN INC. USE OF THESE PLANS OR ANY FORM OF REPRODUCTION OF THIS DESIGN IN WHOLE OR IN PART WITHOUT EXPRESS WRITTEN CONSENT IS PROHIBITED AND SHALL RESULT IN THE FULLEST EXTENT OF PROSECUTION UNDER LAW
		Project number 18111 Date 08/18/2020 Drawn by MGB Checked by REL Scale 1"=20' REVISIONS No. Description Date 1 BWSC PERMIT SET 10.08.2020 PROGRESS DWG-DRAFT 11.11.2020
20	0 20 40 Scale in Feet	50 % PROGRESS SET 11.25.2020 BWSC PERMIT SET 12.16.2020 178 Gardner Street - Site Layout Plan C-200 West Roxbury Residences

L:\18126\CURRENT\CUTSHEETS\18126-178 GARDNER_SITE LAYOUT P

1/19/2021 2:45:14 PM

×103.54' STA 0+72 -(5) CB-1(WQU) W/ "DON'T DUMP" PLAQUE OUR CONDUITS ENCASED IN CONCRETE RIM=98.60 (BY OTHERS) SEE ELECTRICAL PLANS) INV=95.30 GARDNER STREET 15" SEWER (PUBLIC) ←EP: 2+93.85 (PUBLIC - VARIABLE WIDTH) 12" SH DICL WATER STA 0+47 RIM=99.17 INV IN=95.13 WEIR ELEV=97.19INV=94.03 2" ORIFICE ELEV=94.86 INV OUT=94.86 STA 0+57 2SMH-1 RIM=99.00 INV IN=89.83 INV OUT=89.73 UTILITY COMPANY PAD MOUNTED TRANSFORMER 6" PVC - 49 LF S=0.005 **③INFILTRATION SYSTEM -**STORMTECH SC-740 CHAMBERS TOP OF STONE=98.20 TOP OF CHAMBER=97.70 BOTTOM OF CHAMBER=95.20 BOTTOM OF STONE=94.37 TC 104.00 BC 103.50 INSPECTION PORT (TYP) -BC 103.00 INV=96.24 (TYP) STA 0+37 20CS-1 RIM=101.46 INV IN=96.19 WEIR ELEV=97.70 INV OUT=94.55 F WALL TW 102.75 SEWER GENERATION FLOW ESTIMATE 94.52 TC 102.5 ESTIMATED DAILY QUANTITY DESIGN FLOWS FLOW (GPD) 110 5,940 BEDROOMS GPD/BEDROOM PROPOSED TOTAL 5,940 GPD 57' 12" PVC - 61 LF -S**=0.005** 0+00 EXISTING TOPOGRAPHIC, PROPERTY LINE AND UTILITY INFORMATION SHOWN IS BASED ON A PLAN ENTITLED "EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN, 178, (186), 189, 197 GARDNER STREET, WEST ROXBURY, MASS", DATED (1)STA 0+24 -10/03/18 PREPARED BY GREEN SEAL ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. INV=94.25 THE ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE NOT GUARANTEED. IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO DETERMINE EXACT LOCATION. SIZE. TYPE, ETC. OF ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES THAT MAY BE AFFECTED BY THE WORK. AT LEAST 72 HOURS BEFORE EXCAVATION BEGINS THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO CALL DIG SAFE AT (888)344-7233. 3. ELEVATIONS SHOWN REFER TO BOSTON CITY BASE (B.C.B.). 12" PVC – 72 LF S=0.005 THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY CONDITIONS AND DIMENSIONS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AND REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES TO ENGINEER. ALL UTILITY COMPANIES, PUBLIC AND PRIVATE, MUST BE NOTIFIED, INCLUDING THOSE IN CONTROL OF UTILITIES NOT SHOWN ON THIS PLAN, (SEE CHAPTER 370, ACTS OF 1963, MASSACHUSETTS) PRIOR TO DESIGNING, EXCAVATING, BLASTING, INSTALLING, BACKFILLING, GRADING, PAVEMENT RESTORATION, OR 6. NO EXISTING PUBLIC UTILITY STRUCTURES SHALL BE ABANDONED AND/OR DISMANTLED WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION FROM THE ENGINEER. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN ALL EXISTING UTILITIES EXCEPT THOSE NOTED TO BE ABANDONED OR REMOVED & DISPOSED. ITEM DESCRIPTION OF SERVICE THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DISPOSE OF ALL WASTE MATERIAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE, AND NO. LOCAL REGULATIONS AT HIS OWN EXPENSE, OUTSIDE OF THE PROJECT LIMITS. ALL WATER, SEWER, AND DRAIN WORK SHALL BE PERFORMED ACCORDING TO THE REQUIREMENTS AND

- STANDARD DETAILS OF THE BOSTON WATER AND SEWER COMMISSION.
- 10. BWSC OPERATIONS (617-989-7276) MUST BE NOTIFIED 48 HOURS IN ADVANCE PRIOR TO THE INSTALLATION OF WATER AND FIRE SERVICES AND, IF NEEDED, SHUTTING DOWN OF THE MAIN.
- 11. A PREREQUISITE FOR FILING A GENERAL SERVICE APPLICATION WITH THE BOSTON WATER AND SEWER COMMISSION FOR NEW CONSTRUCTION IS THE ROUGH CONSTRUCTION SIGN-OFF DOCUMENT FROM THE CITY OF BOSTON'S INSPECTIONAL SERVICES DEPARTMENT.
- 12. IF WATER USE FROM HYDRANT IS PROPOSED THE CONTRACTOR MUST APPLY FOR A HYDRANT METER PERMIT FROM THE BWSC AND PAY ALL COSTS INCLUDING DEPOSIT, RENTAL, AND WATER USAGE FEES.
- 13. ALL CONSTRUCTION WORK PERFORMED ON THE BWSC'S UTILITIES MUST BE INSPECTED BY A BWSC CONSTRUCTION INSPECTOR. AS-BUILT PLANS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE BWSC FOLLOWING THE COMPLETION OF THE INSTALLATIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PREPARE AS-BUILT PLAN (ELECTRONICALLY) OF THE UTILITY SYSTEM WORK FOR SUBMITTAL TO BWSC, AND IS INCIDENTAL TO THE WORK.
- 14. ANY CONSTRUCTION DEWATERING REQUIRES A DRAINAGE DISCHARGE PERMIT FROM THE BWSC AND A NPDES PERMIT FROM THE EPA.
- 15. CONTRACTOR MUST PAY ALL FEES AND PERMITS.

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RESIDENTIAL

GENERAL NOTES

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- 16. ALL METER INSTALLATIONS REQUIRE THE INSTALLATION OF A METER TRANSMISSION UNIT (MTU) AS PART OF BWSC'S AUTOMATIC READING (AMR) SYSTEM.
- 17. SANITARY SEWER AND STORM DRAINS MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 10 FEET APART FROM ANY NEW OR EXISTING WATER SERVICES.
- 18. PIPE MATERIALS (UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED) STORM DRAIN: SDR-35 PVC SANITARY SEWER: SDR-35 PVC WATER PIPE: CLDI CLASS 56 (ZINC COATED)

DRAIN SADDLE CONNECTION DYE TEST 2 |0CS-1 3 INFILTRATION SYSTEM 4 DETENTION SYSTEM 5 |CB-1 6 CB-2 CUT & CAP SANITARY SEWER SERVICE 8 CUT & CAP WATER SERVICE 9 FIRE PROTECTION SERVICE CONNECTION 10 DOMESTIC WATER SERVICE CONNECTION 11 CHIMNEY CONNECTION W/ SADDLE DYE TEST 12 |SMH-1 13 |SMH-2 14 SMH-3 "DO NOT DUMP" PLAQUE



			PROJECT NAME
			West Roxbury
	CLDI	CEMENT-LINED DUCTILE IRON	
	EXIST	EXISTING	Residences
	HDPE	HIGH-DENSITY POLYETHYLENE	
	INV	INVERT	PROJECT ADDRESS
	15		178 Gardner Street
			West Roxbury MA
	PVC	POLYVINYL CHLORIDE PIPE	
	RCP	REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE	
	RD	ROOF DRAIN	CLIENT
	S	SLOPE	WBA Townhomos IIC
6.73'		TOP OF CURB/BOTTOM OF CURB	WDA TOWINIONIES, LLC
52'37 W			
0.00	1280	TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE	
	WQU	WATER QUALITY UNIT	
	AD 🖽	AREA DRAIN	ARCHITECT
CAS	СВ	CATCH BASIN	
GAS GAS			5 1
OHW - COS			E G
		DRAIN MANHOLE	1
	GV M	GATE VALVE	0
	HYD 🕱	HYDRANT	
			the second se
		OUTLET CONTROL STRUCTURE	
	SMH (S)	SEWER MANHOLE	
	D	STORM DRAIN	
	—— L ——	ELECTRIC DUCTBANK	KHALSA
	G	GAS LINE	
	—— s ——	SANITARY SEWER	
FECTION	т		
	I	WATED LINE	17 IVALOO STREET SUITE 400
	W	WATER LINE	SOMERVILLE, MA 02143
		PROPERTY LINE	TELEPHONE: 617-591-8682 FAX: 617-591-2086
			017-001-2000
			CONSULTANTS:
PETE			
			HOWARD STEIN HUDSON
			11 Beacon Street, Suite 1010
			Boston, MA 02108
			www.hshassoc.com
	BWSC SITE PLAN#: 20	431	
	WEST BRIGHTON ACQU	ISITIONS, LLC	
	C/O PETER V. DAVOS		
	94 GRAYFIELD AVENUE	2109	
	WEST KUNDURT, MA U	2109	
	TELEPHONE:		
	PROPERTY ADDRESSES	•	
	178 GARDNER STREET	•	
	WEST ROXBURY, MASS	ACHUSETTS 02132	
	PARCEL: 2009236000	& 2009237000	COPYRIGHT KDI © 2018
	LAND USE CODE: WES	T ROXBURY NEIGHBORHOOD	REMAIN THE SOLE PROPERTY OF KHALSA
	COM	MUNITY COMMERCIAL	DESIGN INC. USE OF THESE PLANS OR ANY
	EXISTING WATER ACCO	UNTS:	IN WHOLE OR IN PART WITHOUT EXPRESS
	178 GARDNER STREET	- WATER ACCOUNT#: 658412	WRITTEN CONSENT IS PROHIBITED AND
		WATER METER #: USUTISU8	OF PROSECUTION UNDER LAW
	ESTIMATE WASTEWATER	FLOW: 5,940 GPD	
	PROJECT SITE AREA: (0.60 ACRES	REGISTRATION
	FOR	BWSC USE ONLY	
			Project number 19111
			Date 08/18/2020
			Drawn by MGB
			Checked by REL
			REVISIONS
			No. Description Date
			I BWSC PERMIT SET 10.08.2020 PROGRESS DWG-DRAFT 11.11.2020
			50 % PROGRESS SET 11.25.2020
			BWSC PERMIT SET 12.16.2020
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West Roxbury Residences

EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES:

- 1. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTAINED AND UPGRADED AS NECESSARY DURING CONSTRUCTION BY THE CONTRACTOR. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO INSPECT AND INSTALL ADDITIONAL
- CONTROL MEASURES AS NEEDED DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 2. ALL CATCH BASINS RECEIVING DRAINAGE FROM THE PROJECT SITE MUST
- BE PROVIDED WITH A CATCH BASIN FILTER. 3. STABILIZATION OF ALL RE-GRADED AND SOIL STOCKPILE AREAS MUST BE
- MAINTAINED DURING ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 4. SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES MUST BE PROPERLY REMOVED AND DISPOSED. ALL DAMAGED CONTROLS MUST BE REMOVED AND REPLACED.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR IMPLEMENTING THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN. THIS INCLUDES THE INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE OF CONTROL MEASURES, INFORMING ALL PARTIES ENGAGED ON THE CONSTRUCTION SITE OF THE REQUIREMENTS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE PLAN, AND NOTIFYING THE PROPER CITY AGENCY OF ANY TRANSFER OF THIS RESPONSIBILITY.
- 6. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CONTROLLING WIND EROSION AND DUST THROUGHOUT THE LIFE OF HIS CONTRACT. DUST CONTROL MAY INCLUDE, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, SPRINKLING OF WATER ON EXPOSED SOILS AND STREET SWEEPING ADJACENT ROADWAYS.
- 7. IF FINAL GRADING IS TO BE DELAYED FOR MORE THAN 21 DAYS AFTER LAND DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES CEASE. TEMPORARY VEGETATION OR MULCH SHALL BE USED TO STABILIZED SOILS WITHIN 14 DAYS OF THE LAST DISTURBANCE.
- 8. IF A DISTURBED AREA WILL BE EXPOSED FOR GREATER THAN ONE YEAR. PERMANENT GRASSES OR OTHER APPROVED COVER MUST BE INSTALLED.
- 9. THE CONTRACTOR MUST KEEP ON-SITE AT ALL TIMES ADDITIONAL FILTER BERMS AND/OR SILT FENCE FOR THE INSTALLATION AT THE DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER OR CONSERVATION COMMISSION TO MITIGATE ANY EMERGENCY CONDITION.
- 10. THE CONSTRUCTION FENCING AND EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS AS SHOWN MAY NOT BE PRACTICAL DURING ALL STAGES OF CONSTRUCTION. EARTHWORK ACTIVITY ON-SITE MUST BE DONE IN A MANNER SUCH THAT RUNOFF IS DIRECTED TO A SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICE OR INFILTRATED TO THE GROUND.
- 11. DEMOLITION AND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS MUST BE PROPERLY CONTAINED AND DISPOSED OF.
- 12. DISPOSAL OF ALL DEMOLISHED MATERIALS IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR AND MUST BE HAULED OFF-SITE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REQUIREMENTS.

1. CONCRETE SIDEWALK DETAIL AND NOTES APPLY TO

- SIDEWALK WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY. 2. CONCRETE SHALL BE 4,000 PSI.
- 3. SIDEWALKS ARE TO BE RAKED FINISH WITH 3/8 INCH TROWEL JOINTS.

CEM CONC SIDEWALK SECTION DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

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MGB REL

N.T.S.

Date

11.11.2020

West Roxbury Residences

		TABLE I - THRUST - KIPS (WATER PRESSURE = 200 P.S.I.)									
PIP	E DIAMETER INCHES	6	8	10	12	16	20	24	30	36	42
DI	EAD ENDS	5.6	10	15.8	22.6	40.2	62.8	90.4	141.0	203.6	277.0
	90°	7.9	14.2	22.4	32.0	56.8	88.8	127.7	199.0	288.0	392.0
NGS	67 1/2°	-	11.1	17.6	25.1	44.7	70.0	100.2	157.0	226.0	308.0
FITTI	56 1/4°	-	-	14.9	21.2	37.9	59.2	85.1	133.0	192.0	261.0
BLE	45°	-	-	-	17.3	30.8	48.1	69.0	108.0	156.0	212.0
ANG	33 3/4°	-	-	-	13.1	23.3	36.5	52.5	82.0	118.0	161.0
	22 1/2°	-	-	-	8.8	15.7	24.5	35.2	55.0	79.5	108.0

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NOTES:

- 1. CONCRETE THRUST BLOCK TO BE USED ONLY WHERE IT WILL BEAR
- ON UNDISTURBED EARTH. 2. USE RESTRAINED JOINT FITTINGS OR TIE RODS WHERE CONCRETE
- THRUST BLOCK IS UNACCEPTABLE.
- 3. SIZE OF BLOCK OR MEGALUG TO BE DESIGNED FOR SPECIFIC CONDITIONS.

CATCH BASIN SIGNS TO BE PROVIDED BY THE BOSTON WATER AND SEWER COMMISSION (BWSC).

8" X 14" CATCH BASIN SIGN (F1-D23) NOT TO SCALE

